

Sea lice monitoring report for Torridon river estuary, 17th June 2025

Peter Cunningham (WRFT Biologist) info@wrft.org.uk

Sea trout data (see page 3 for other fish)

Location:		Torridon river estuary																						
Date:		17-Jun-25		Time:		14:00		High tide		12:30														
*Counts:		Peter Cunningham																						
Team:		11 assistants including NS volunteers																						
Weather:		overcast, breezy, warm																						
River:		medium - after heavy overnight rain																						
Other notes:		4 sweeps of channel after high tide 1 fish caught on each sweep; all processed together																						
										<i>Caligus</i>	<i>Lepeophtheirus salmonis</i>													
No.	Location	Date	Method	Riv/Est/B each	Fish	length (mm)	weight (g)	condition factor	total	Copepodid & Chalimus (estimate)	Pre-adult & adult	Ov. female	Total L. salmonis sea lice	*estimated lice/g fish weight	Dorsal fin damage	<i>Cryptocotyle ligua</i> spots per cm ² of caudal fin	Predator damage	Photo	scale sample?	Comments				
1	Torridon	17-Jun-25	Sweep Net	est	ST	380	525	0.96	0	10	0	0	10	0.019	2	0	N	Y	Y	male. Has had lot of lice recently				
2	Torridon	17-Jun-25	Sweep Net	est	ST	272	218	1.08	0	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	N	Y	Y	Estuarine. Has had lice. Acanthoc.				
3	Torridon	17-Jun-25	Sweep Net	est	T	135	23	0.93	0	0	0	0	0	0.000	0	0	N	Y	Y	brown trout parr				
4	Torridon	17-Jun-25	Sweep Net	est	T	105	NR	#VALUE!	0	0	0	0	0	#VALUE!	0	0	N	Y	Y					
						Average	223.00	255.33	#VALUE!	0.00	2.50	0.00	2.50	#VALUE!	0.50	0.00								
													total lice	10										
													number of fish	4										
													number infested	1										
													prevalence	25%										
													total lice	10										
													abundance	2.50										
													intensity	10.00										
													fish with >0.3 lice / g	1										
													fish with >0.3 lice / g	25%										

Sea lice monitoring report for Torridon river estuary, 17th June 2025

Peter Cunningham (WRFT Biologist) info@wrft.org.uk

Summary of sea lice infestation scores

Mortality / early returned estimates for sea trout in sample based on method from Taranger et al 2015, Risk assessment for the environmental impact of Norwegian salmon farming ([PDF Risk assessment of the environmental impact of Norwegian Atlantic salmon farming \(researchgate.net\)](#))

No.	≥13 lice/fish?	Lice/g fish weight	Range	Mortality category	Number of fish in category	Total number of fish in sample	% of sample in category	projected mortality for category %	projected mortality of fish in sample %
1	No	0.019	>0.3	100%	0	3	0.00	0.00	
2	No	0.000	0.2-0.3	50%	0		0.00	0.00	
3	No	0.000	0.1-0.2	20%	0		0.00	0.00	
4	No	#VALUE!	<0.1	0%	3		100.00	0.00	0.00

Notes:																	
based on the assumption that small salmonid post-smolts (<150g body weight) will suffer 100% lice-related marine mortality, or return prematurely to freshwater for sea trout in the wild if they are infected with >0.3 lice per g of fish weight.																	
Furthermore, the lice related marine mortality is estimated to 50%, if the infection is between 0.2 and 0.3 lice per g fish weight, 20% if the infection rate is between 0.1 and 0.2 lice per g fish weight, and finally 0% if the salmon lice infection is <0.1 g fish weight.																	
0.05 and 0.1 lice per g fish weight, 20% for lice infections between 0.05 and 0.01 lice per g fish weight, and finally 0% if the salmon lice infection is <0.01 lice g fish weight.																	
colour code																	
Taranger, G. L., Karlsen, Ø., Bannister, R. J., Glover, K. A., Husa, V., Karlsbakk, E., Kvamme, B. O., Boxaspen, K. K., Bjørn, P. A., Finstad, B., Madhun, A. S., Morton, H. C., and Svaˆsand, T. (2014) Risk assessment of the environmental impact of Norwegian Atlantic salmon farming. – ICES Journal of Marine Science, doi: 10.1093/icesjms/fsu132.																	
<table border="0"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 10px; background-color: red;"></td> <td>100% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 10px; background-color: orange;"></td> <td>>50% to 99% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 10px; background-color: yellow;"></td> <td>>20% to 50% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 10px; background-color: lightgreen;"></td> <td><20% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater</td> </tr> </table>											100% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater		>50% to 99% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater		>20% to 50% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater		<20% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater
	100% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater																
	>50% to 99% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater																
	>20% to 50% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater																
	<20% sea lice related mortality or early return to freshwater																
https://www.researchgate.net/publication/266672998 Risk assessment of the environmental impact of Norwegian Atlantic salmon farming																	

Sea lice monitoring report for Torridon river estuary, 17th June 2025

Peter Cunningham (WRFT Biologist) info@wrft.org.uk

Other fish in sample

No.	Location	Date	Method	Riv/Est/B each	Fish	length (mm)	weight (g)
5	Torridon	17-Jun-25	Sweep Net	est	Flounde	235	
6	Torridon	17-Jun-25	Sweep Net	est	Flounde	115	
7	Torridon	17-Jun-25	Sweep Net	est	3 sp stb	74	

Team photo



Acknowledgements

Monitoring to inform the Loch Torridon salmon farms Environment Management Plan supported by MOWI and Bakkafrost

Thank you and NTS Torridon estate, Ben Damph estate, Marine Directorate, Nature Scot Beinn Eighe NNR for permissions and support and to all the helpers

Sea lice monitoring report for Torridon river estuary, 17th June 2025

Peter Cunningham (WRFT Biologist) info@wrft.org.uk

Photos: all ©WRFT unless otherwise indicated. All fish in photos were lightly sedated for inspection.

Sea trout 380mm, Torridon river estuary, 17th June 2025. Note dorsal fin damage.



Sea trout 272mm, Torridon river estuary, 17th June 2025. Note estuarine colouration.

